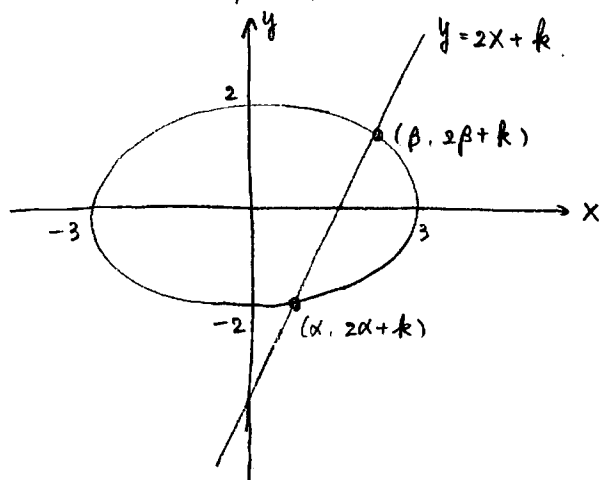


$$4x^2 + 9y^2 = 36$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1.$$



$$(1) \quad y = 2x + k \text{ を } 4x^2 + 9y^2 = 36 \text{ に代入して}$$

$$4x^2 + 9(2x + k)^2 = 36$$

$$40x^2 + 36kx + 9k^2 - 36 = 0 \quad \text{--- ①}$$

これに異なる2つの実数解をもたせる

$$\frac{D}{4} = 18^2 k^2 - 40(9k^2 - 36) > 0$$

$$2 \times 18k^2 - 40(k^2 - 4) > 0$$

$$9k^2 - 10(k^2 - 4) > 0$$

$$-k^2 + 40 > 0$$

$$\therefore \boxed{-2\sqrt{10} < k < 2\sqrt{10}}$$

(2) 2つの交点を $(\alpha, 2\alpha + k)$, $(\beta, 2\beta + k)$ とすると

$$\sqrt{(\beta - \alpha)^2 + ((2\beta + k) - (2\alpha + k))^2} = 4 \text{ より}$$

$$5(\beta - \alpha)^2 = 16.$$

$$5 \{ (\alpha + \beta)^2 - 4\alpha\beta \} = 16.$$

$$\text{①の解が } \alpha, \beta \text{ より } \alpha + \beta = -\frac{36}{40}k = -\frac{9}{10}k$$

$$\alpha\beta = \frac{9k^2 - 36}{40} \quad \text{よって}$$

$$5 \left\{ \frac{81}{100}k^2 - 4 \times \frac{9k^2 - 36}{40} \right\} = 16$$

$$5 \times \frac{81k^2 - 90k^2 + 360}{100} = 16$$

$$-9k^2 + 360 = 320$$

$$9k^2 - 40 = 0$$

$$k^2 = \frac{40}{9}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{k = \pm \frac{2\sqrt{10}}{3}}$$